# **Dynamic Earth Assessment Test Results**

**80%** 24 of 30 Correct

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Review the questions and your answers below. The answer you selected is highlighted in **red**, the correct answer in **green** and the link to review in **blue**. Congratulations, you have completed this interactive. If you would like to print this page, click on the Print button.

- 1. What kind of plate boundary runs across Iceland?
  - a. Convergent boundary
  - b. Divergent boundary
  - c. Nordic boundary
  - d. Transform boundary

The correct answer is b) Divergent boundary
Review: Chapter 4: Plates & Boundaries



- 2. Mountain formation can result when which of the following occurs?
  - a. Two oceanic plates collide.
  - b. Two continental plates collide.
  - c. Two oceanic plates spread apart.
  - d. None of the above.

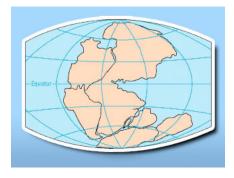
You answered correctly!

- 3. What is happening at the subduction zone of the Juan de Fuca and North American Plates?
  - a. Plates are sliding past each other.
  - b. Plates are spreading apart.
  - c. One plate is being pulled under another.
  - d. None of the above.

The correct answer is c) One plate is being pulled under another.

Review: Chapter 5: Slip, Slide, & Collide

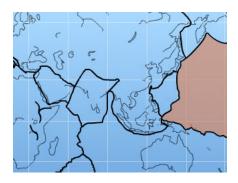
- 4. Approximately 225 million years ago, the earth's continents were grouped into one landmass. What is the landmass called?
  - a. Europa
  - b. Jurassic
  - c. Pangaea
  - d. Pangaea Ultima



# 5. What is the name of this tectonic plate?

- a. Australian Plate
- b. Indian Plate
- c. Pacific Plate
- d. Philippine Plate

You answered correctly!



# 6. Which scientist is credited with proposing the ideas that led to the development of the plate tectonics theory?

- a. Charles Darwin
- b. Albert Einstein
- c. Isaac Newton
- d. Alfred Wegener

You answered correctly!



# 7. What type of crust is found under the continents?

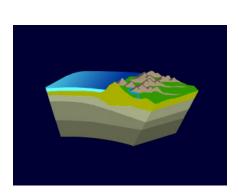
- a. Continental crust
- b. Oceanic crust
- c. Geologic crust
- d. None of the above

You answered correctly!

# 8. What is the earth's outermost layer?

- a. Crust
- b. Lithosphere
- c. Mantle
- d. Outer Core

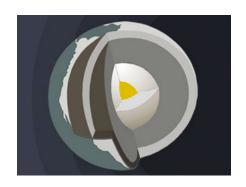
You answered correctly!



# 9. This solid layer of the earth is made of mostly iron and nickel.

- a. Crust
- b. Inner Core
- c. Mantle
- d. Outer Core

The correct answer is b) Inner Core
Review: Chapter 2: Earth's Structure

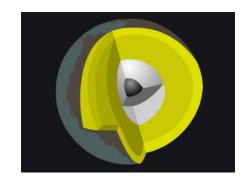


# 10. Which of these layers is found directly above the earth's core?

- a. Asthenosphere
- **b.** Inner Core
- c. Mantle
- d. Outer Core

The correct answer is c) Mantle

Review: Chapter 2: Earth's Structure



# 11. Which of the following geologic events can occur at a transform boundary?

- a. Earthquake
- b. Mountain formation
- c. Volcanic eruption
- d. Rift formation

You answered correctly!

#### 12. Which of these statements is correct?

- a. Continental crust is thicker than oceanic crust.
- b. Continental crust is thinner than oceanic crust.
- c. Oceanic crust is thicker than continental crust.
- d. Continental and oceanic crusts have the same thickness.

You answered correctly!

# 13. What is the border between two tectonic plates called?

- a. Boundary
- b. Collision zone
- c. Rift
- d. Trench

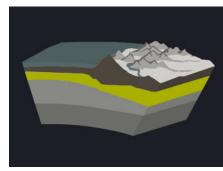
The correct answer is a) Boundary

Review: Chapter 4: Plates & Boundaries



# 14. Which of the earth's layers is broken into several large tectonic plates?

- a. Asthenosphere
- b. Crust
- c. Lithosphere
- d. Outer Core



# 15. Mid-ocean ridges are places where tectonic plates are doing what?

- a. Colliding
- b. Sliding past each other
- c. Spreading apart
- d. None of the above

# You answered correctly!

# 16. What is the name of this tectonic plate?

- a. Cocos Plate
- b. Nazca Plate
- c. Scotia Plate
- d. South American Plate

# You answered correctly!



#### 17. What leads to the creation of island arcs?

- a. Collision of two oceanic plates.
- b. Collision of two continental plates.
- c. Collision of a continental and an oceanic plate.
- d. All of the above.

# You answered correctly!

# 18. What is the name of this tectonic plate?

- a. African Plate
- b. Antarctic Plate
- c. Arabian Plate
- d. Indian Plate

# You answered correctly!



# 19. What kind of plate boundary is found where the North American and Caribbean Plates meet?

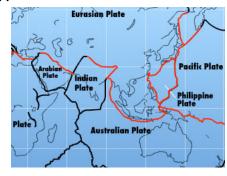
- a. Caribbean boundary
- b. Convergent boundary
- c. Divergent boundary
- d. Transform boundary



# 20. What kind of plate boundary is found at the meeting point of the Philippine and Pacific Plates?

- a. Asian boundary
- b. Convergent boundary
- c. Divergent boundary
- d. Transform boundary

You answered correctly!



# 21. What type of crust is found under the oceans?

- a. Continental crust
- b. Oceanic crust
- c. Geologic crust
- d. None of the above

You answered correctly!

# 22. When did the supercontinent Pangaea start to break up?

- a. 20 million years ago
- b. 40 million years ago
- c. 100 million years ago
- d. 200 million years ago

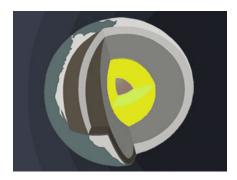
You answered correctly!



# 23. What is the earth's only liquid layer?

- a. Asthenosphere
- b. Inner Core
- c. Mantle
- d. Outer Core

You answered correctly!



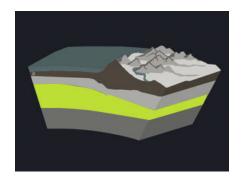
# 24. This animation depicts which of the following?

- a. Earthquake
- b. Rift formation
- c. Mountain formation
- d. Volcanic eruption

# 25. The tectonic plates float on which semiliquid layer?

- a. Asthenosphere
- b. Crust
- c. Inner Core
- d. Lithosphere

# You answered correctly!



# 26. California's San Andreas Fault is identified as which of the following?

- a. Blind thrust fault
- b. Dip-slip fault
- c. Normal fault
- d. Strike-slip fault

You answered correctly!

# 27. This animation depicts which of the following?

- a. Earthquake
- b. Mountain formation
- c. Subduction zone
- d. Rift formation

You answered correctly!

# 28. When did the Himalayan Mountain Range begin to form?

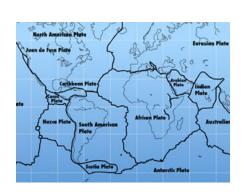
- a. 5,000-6,000 years ago
- b. 20-30 million years ago
- c. 40-50 million years ago
- d. 100-150 million years ago

The correct answer is c) 40-50 million years ago

Review: Chapter 5: Slip, Slide, & Collide

# 29. Which of these concepts is part of the theory of plate tectonics?

- a. Continents are fixed and don't move.
- b. A great flood shaped the earth's surface.
- c. Continents are in slow constant motion.
- d. None of the above.



# 30. What is NOT likely to happen at a divergent boundary?

- a. Mountain formation
- b. Rift valley
- c. Seafloor spreading
- d. Volcano formation